THE [Numb. 589.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *Auguſt* 19, 1756.

PARIS, May 28.

SINCE the Deſcent of the King's Troops in the Iſland of Minorca, the Marſhal Duke de Richelieu has been chiefly employed in ſurmounting the Difficulties that hindered the Tranſporting of the Artillery, warlike Stores, and Proviſions to Mahon. He hath at length raiſed on the Lighthouſe a Battery of five Pieces of Cannon and as many Mortars, which began to fire the 8th Inſtant. On the 9th in the Evening, a Detachment of 100 Voluntiers, four Companies of Grenadiers, and ſix Picquets, under Col. Count de Briqueville, took Poſt in the Suburb la Ravale, in order to erect Batteries there. On the 10th in the Morning Brigadier Marquis de Rouquepine, with two Colonels, and 1200 Men, marched toward Marlborough-Fort, behind the Tower of Benefaid. This Evening the Count de Briqueville was relieved by the Brigadier de la Serre, with three Companies of Grenadiers, and nine Picquets; and ſoon after the two Battalions of the Regiment Royal Comiois, marched to the Right of the Suburb along a Chain of Houſes that forms its Circumference, in order to protect the Works, which the Marſhal viſited in Perſon. M. d'Elva, Col. of the Regiment Royal Italien, who received a Shot in his Shoulder, is the only Officer that hath hitherto been wounded.

Paris, June 5. We have received the following further Particulars in Relation to the late Naval Engagement between Admiral Byng and the Marquis de la Galiſſoniere. The Ship named the Hippototame, of 50 Guns, commanded by Monſieur Rochemaure, engaged an Engliſh Man of War of 80 Guns, and took off their Maſts, Bowſprit, and great Part of their Rigging. This Veſſel was ſo diſabled as to be upon the Point of putting out a white Flag, when ſome other three Deck'd Ship appeared to her Relief. The Temeraire loſt in the Engagement only two Men, and had ten wounded; ſhe received a Shot betwixt Wind and Water, another in her Bowſprit, and a Third in her Main-maſt, notwithſtanding which the Engliſh could not reſiſt her Fire above Half an Hour. The Lion was attacked by two Engliſh Men of War, one of 74 and another of 72 Guns; they were engaged within Piſtol Shot of each other. The firſt made ſmall Reſiſtance, but the ſecond maintained the Engagement with great Obſtinacy, till her Mizen-maſt and Fore-Topmaſt were carried off: The Main-maſt of the Lion received a Shot through it, and all her Rigging was ſo much damaged as to be rendered unfit for Service. Of all our Squadron the Lion was the moſt injured.

Genoa, May 15. According to Letters from Minorca, dated the 6th of this Month, the French were Maſters of Fort Philippet, and in a few Days, would be ready to batter the Forts St. Philip and Charles, with 98 Pieces of Cannon, of 24, 36, and 48 Pounders, beſides which, they have ſix Mortars for throwing Bombs of 500 lb. as many for Bombs of 300, and 30 more capable of throwing Bombs and Granades of 100 and 200 lb. Weight.

Paris, May 24. On Friday Evening an Expreſs arrived at Verſailles, from the Duke de Richelieu, with Advice that the Trenches were opened in the Night between the 9th and 10th Inſtant, before Fort St. Philip, in Minorca.

Paris, June 4. According to the laſt Letters which the Court has received from the Count de la Galiſſoniere, and which are dated the 25th of May, the Engliſh Squadron, commanded by Admiral Byng, had not appeared ſince the Engagement of the Twentieth, and ours continued cruizing before the Entrance of Mahon Harbour.

According to Advices from the Camp before Fort St. Philip, our Bomb-Batteries continued Playing from the 12th to the 17th with great Succeſs. That Day the Battery of Cannon on the Right began to play; the 18th the Sieur de Pinay, who commanded the Battery on the Left, was killed, and the Field Marſhal, Prince Lewis of Wirtemberg, wounded. The 19th, the Engliſh Squadron appearing at Sea, Marſhal Richelieu ſent thirteen Picquets to the Count de la Galiſſoniere, and made the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for cutting off all Communication between the Engliſh Admiral and the Beſieged. The 20th, a Bomb having ſet Fire to one of our Batteries about Two in the Afternoon, and the Beſieged perceiving it, they redoubled their Fire, and made a Sally from the Lunette de la Reine, whither, however, they were ſoon drove back by our Grenadiers. The 21ſt and 22d, our Troops were employed in repairing the old Batteries, and erecting new Ones. The 22d, our Squadron appearing, before the Port, the Army made great Rejoicings in the Evening for the Advantage gained by that Squadron two Days before over that of the Engliſh. The 23d, the Count de Lannion relieved the Marquis du Meſnil at the Trenches, with the two Battalions of Royal Marine; and that Day, and the 24th, were ſpent, as the preceding, in repairing the Batteries which had been damaged, and raiſing new Ones.

War will be declared againſt England in a few Days.

LONDON.

May 25. We hear that an Order is ſent to Portſmouth for ſome of the French Scalping-knives that were in the Ship taken by Captain Rowley, in order to be ſent to our Miniſters abroad, that the Princes at whoſe Courts they reſide, may ſee what Inſtruments the *Moſt Chriſtian King* puts into the Hands of his Friends to propagate Chriſtianity.

Letter from on board his Majeſty's Ship Falmouth, dated May 18.

"We are ſtill on our Cruize off the Iſle of Baſs, where we have blocked up four French Men of War, who (notwithſtanding all our Endeavours to provoke or invite them out to face us) cannot be prevailed on to quit their holdfaſt, and try who are the beſt Men."

Tueſday Afternoon died of a Fever, at his Houſe in Chancery Lane, the Right Hon. Sir Dudley Ryder, Lord Chief Juſtice of England, for whom a Patent was preparing to create him a Peer by the Title of Lord Ryder, of Harrowby in Lincolnſhire.

We hear that his Majeſty will ſoon appoint a Day of ſolemn Faſting, in order to implore the Bleſſing of Heaven on the Britiſh Arms.

A great Number of Weſt-India Merchants waited on the Lords of the Admiralty this Day, in Relation to the Stationing more Ships for the better Security of their Trade.

We hear that ſeveral Noblemen, Gentlemen, Merchants and others intend to form a Society for cloathing and fitting out of Boys, and alſo of young Landmen, for the Navy, in ſuch a Manner as will encourage them to offer their Service; and for this Purpoſe ſuch of the Subſcribers who are Merchants, deſign, after the War is finiſhed, to give a Preference in their Service, whenever any of their Ships are fitting out and want Men, to ſuch Boys and young Men who behave well, and become good Seamen in the King's Service. It is imagined this will anſwer many excellent Purpoſes worthy the Zeal and Benevolence of the Subſcribers, and ſupport ſuch a Spirit in the Nation as the Exigency of the Times require. It is ſaid Two Hundred Pounds were ſubſcribed the firſt Day.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, dated May 25.

"We have a Piece of agreeable News here, which gives us ſome Hopes of the Truth of what has been ſaid in the public Papers concerning Admiral Byng. The Maſter of a Sloop, belonging to this Port, came from Guernſey laſt Night, and ſays, There was a Boat came from St. Malo juſt as he ſailed, and gave an Account, that they had News there that Admiral Byng had an Engagement with the Toulon Squadron, and had taken ſome, and ſunk ſome; but farther Particulars they give us not."

This Morning the Maſter of an Engliſh Merchant Ship, that came from St. Malo with a French Paſs, reports, that it is rumoured there, that there has been an Action between Admiral Byng's Squadron and M. de la Galiſſoniere, and that ſeveral Capital French Ships have been ſunk.

Extract of a Letter from Monſieur de la Galiſſoniere, dated on board the Foudroyant, the 22d of May, before Port-Mahon.

"The 17th of May, in the Evening, Advice was brought to the Squadron by the Frigate La Gracieuſe, who was on a Cruize towards Majorca, that ſhe had deſcried an Engliſh Squadron, which then ſeemed to be 8 or 10 Leagues to the South.

"The 18th the Squadron got in Readineſs to go and meet the Engliſh, but was prevented by a Calm.

"The 19th in the Morning, we deſcried the Engliſh Squadron from the Top-maſt-heads, and the two Squadrons drew pretty near each other that Day, but never were within Gun-ſhot; which was not our Fault, as the Engliſh were to Windward of us.

"The 20th the French Admiral worked about ſo as to gain the Wind; but juſt as he had got into a favourable Poſition for it, the Wind ſhifted in ſuch a Manner as ſtill left this Advantage to the Engliſh Squadron.

"At Half an Hour paſt two in the Afternoon, the two Squadrons were in Line of Battle, and began the Engagement. The Engliſh conſiſted of 18 Sail, of which 13 were of the Line, and ours of 12 Ships of the Line, and 4 Frigates.

"The Action laſted above three Hours and a Half, but was not general all the Time. The Engliſh Ships that ſuffered moſt from our Broadſides, got to Windward again out of Gun Shot; they all along preſerved this Advantage, that they might keep clear of us as they pleaſed. After having made their greateſt Efforts on our Rear Diviſion, which they found ſo cloſe, and from which they were ſo furiouſly cannonaded, that they could not break in upon it, they reſolved to ſheer off, and did not appear again all the next Day, being the 21ſt.

"In general none of their Ships long ſtood the Fire of ours. The Ships of our Squadron ſuffered but little, they were repaired in the Night, and fit to fight the next Morning.

"Meſſrs. de Peruſſy and Potier, Enſigns, were killed. Total of the killed 38, and of the wounded 115."

That there has been an Engagement in the Mediterranean, which has not proved ſo ſucceſsful as was expected, is allowed by moſt ſenſible, impartial Men; but we may be allowed to doubt whether all the Particulars in the above Account are ſtrictly true.

Sunday Morning Lord Tyrawly, the Earl of Panmure, Admiral Hawke, Admiral Saunders, and ſeveral other Officers of Diſtinction, ſet out Poſt for Portſmouth, in order to embark there for Gibraltar. Lord Tyrawly is going to take the Command of that Fortreſs; the Earl of Panmure to join his Regiment there; and the two Admirals are, 'tis confidently ſaid, to command in the Mediterranean.

Dr. Pinfold, one of the Civilians at Doctors Commons, lately appointed by his Majeſty Governor of the Iſland of Barbados, in the Room of the Hon. Mr. Grenville, will embark in a few Days on board the Goſport Man of War.

It is reported that Twenty Ships of War are ſailed from Breſt.

June 1. By Letters Yeſterday from Gibraltar we are aſſured that Admiral Byng, with his Squadron, arrived there the ſecond paſt, and being joined by

Commodore

Commodore Edgcombe, ſailed from thence the 6th for Portmahon, with two Regiments on board.

Letter from Marſeilles, dated May 13.

"Treſnel's Regiment of Foot, conſiſting of two Battalions, arrived here the 8th, and the next Day embarked on board three Tranſports, to reinforce the Army under the Duke de Richelieu. Two Battalions of the Regiment of Nice arrived here on Tueſday (the 11th) and are likewiſe embarked for the ſame Deſtination. Several more Tranſports are likewiſe preparing to ſail for Minorca with a great Quantity of all Kinds of Proviſions."

June 5. By the laſt Mails from Flanders and Holland, ſome of the foreign Miniſters have received Advice of an Engagement near Port Mahon, between the Squadrons of Admiral Byng and the Marquis de la Galiſſoniere. It is ſaid, that on the Nineteenth Day of May, Mr. de la Galiſſoniere ſent out a light Ship to get Intelligence of the Engliſh Fleet, which Ship returned the next Morning early, with an Account of its being near at Hand; whereupon the French Admiral drew up his Squadron in a Line of Battle to receive it. In the Forenoon of the 20th, the Engliſh Squadron appeared, and remained three Hours inactive in ſight of the French, though ours had the Wind of them. The French Admiral then judging that our Squadron was not over eager to engage, called a Council of War, in which it was reſolved to beat up to the Engliſh; which was accordingly done, and in a few Hours after an Engagement enſued. In about an Hour and a Half after the Action began, one of our Ships fell out of the Line, and was ſoon followed by a ſecond, and her Example was followed by a third, in about 4 Hours (it being then towards Duſk) the whole Squadron diſappeared. M. de la Galiſſoniere ſays in his Diſpatches to the French Court, that he expected our Squadron would have given him a great deal more Trouble. After the Action he ſtill kept his Station off Mahon Harbour, to prevent Succours being thrown into St. Philip's Fort, and imagined the Engliſh Squadron might appear the next Day; but they did not appear at all. According to the French Admiral's Liſt, their Loſs amounts to 50 killed, and 150 wounded, among whom are 8 Officers.

June 10. We are well informed that General Blakeney was bravely defending St. Philip's Caſtle the 22d of May, having made ſeveral Sallies, and done the Enemy great Damage by ſtriking their Cannon, &c. 'Tis ſaid he had cauſed three Officers of the Garriſon, who were ſuſpected to be Traitors, to be hanged; and likewiſe four other Perſons who had taken Shelter in the Caſtle.

June 12. We are aſſured that ſome very conſiderable Alterations will ſoon be made in the Government of Pennſylvania.

The Colcheſter in the late Action fired 21 Rounds of all Sorts, expending about 84 Barrels of Gunpowder, with Shot proportionable; ſo that when the Frenchman ran from them, they had no Grape-ſhot nor Double-headed Shot left on board, all being fired away, nor any round Shot left, but what were in the Shot-lockers on Deck. By this it may be gueſſed what ſmart Work they had of it for the ſix Hours and Half that it laſted.

It is ſaid, that if any Officer in the Fleet is found guilty of Cowardice by a Court-martial, he will be ſhot on board of his Ship as ſoon as convicted, to prevent any Interceſſion for Pardon, as Kirby and Wade were in the late Queen Anne's Reign.

The Land Forces for America, under Convoy of the Stirling-Caſtle and Surprize Men of War, are to have the uſual Pay of the Foot-guards in Great-Britain.

100 Miners, raiſed in the Collieries in the North, embarked laſt Tueſday at Greenwich, where they have been quartered ſome Time, for America.

Laſt Saturday Commodore Saunders kiſſed his Majeſty's Hand at Kenſington, on being promoted to be an Admiral.

June 15. 'Tis ſaid that an Expreſs is arrived from Admiral Smith in the Downs, with Advice, that he ſpoke to a Dutch Ship who had been at Minorca, the Maſter of which ſays, that when he came away the French had already loſt 4000 Men in different Attacks.

Private Letters from Cadiz adviſe, that 12 Spaniſh Men of War have arrived there one after another, half equipped, and were compleating in that, in order to be ready to ſail towards the End of May, and it was reported there, that 1000 Spaniſh Troops were going to be ſent to Majorca under Convoy of that Squadron.

Letters from Paris of the 7th Inſtant adviſe, that all that was known there concerning Admiral Byng's Fleet was, two of his Ships were diſmaſted and three diſabled; and that the principal Advantage which accrued to the French from the Engagement between the two Fleets, was the Impoſſibility of Fort St. Philips receiving any timely Aſſiſtance.

We hear that two Thouſand Heſſians are to go to the Iſland of Guernſey, in order to guard that Place from any Attempt the French ſhall make there.

On Sunday laſt, and not before, ſailed from Plymouth, to reinforce Admiral Byng, as 'tis reported, the Prince George, Naſſau, Iris, Hampton-Court, and Ipſwich, with a Number of Tranſports, which had on board Campbell's Regiment, and 100 Miners belonging to the Artillery.

An Account of Monies raiſed for the Service of the Year 1756.

Nov. 27.	Land Tax — —	2,000000	0	0
	Malt — — — —	700000	0	0
Jan. 24.	Lottery and Annuities	1,500000	0	0
May 11.	In the Receipt of Exchequer	83412	2	5
	Sinking Fund remaining in the Exchequer	255955	11	11
	Out of the Growing Produce of Sinking Fund	1,300000	0	0
18.	Exchequer Bills	1,000000	0	0
	£.	6,839,367	14	4

[*At* 6 5 per Cent. *Advance, is* 11,284,956 l. 14 s. 8 d. *Currency.*]

An Account of Monies appropriated for the Service of the Year 1756.

Nov. 24.	Fifty Thouſand Seamen	2600000	0	0
Dec. 8.	Portugal — — —	100000	0	0
	Land Forces — —	930603	6	9
	Guards and Garriſons	298534	17	10
	Office of Ordnance	152435	5	6
	Extraordinary ditto	146721	15	2
15.	Empreſs of Ruſſia	100000	0	0
	Heſſe-Caſſel — —	54140	12	6
	Elector of Bavaria —	10000	0	0
18.	Ordinary of Navy -	219021	3	0
	Goſport Hoſpital —	20000	0	0
	Greenwich Hoſpital	10000	0	0
	Out Penſioners Chelſea	53955	19	6
Jan. 22.	Ten Regiments of Foot, 1756 — —	91919	10	0
Feb. 3.	American Colonies	115000	0	0
	Sir William Johnſon	5000	0	0
10.	Nova-Scotia, 1756 —	55032	19	0
	Ditto, not provided, 1754	687	2	7
	Light Dragoons, 1756	49628	11	3
	Extraordinary Expences, 1755, not provided — — —	75835	7	3
	Allowances to Officers —	3539	5	10
	Reduced Officers of Land Forces	38000	0	0
	Widows Penſions — —	2484	0	0
	Civil Eſtabliſhment of Georgia — —	3557	10	0
	Royal American Regiment	81178	16	0
	Deficiency of half Subſidy	71181	2	3
	To John Roberts — —	6032	7	1
	Repairs of Navy, 1756, 200000 l. Paying Navy Debt 300000 l.	500000	0	0
12.	To James Tierney —	13869	7	10
Mar. 2.	Weſtminſter Bridge —	10000	0	0
May 3.	Troops of Heſſe-Caſſel	163357	9	9
	Two Regiments from Ireland to America	79915	6	0
	Foundling Hoſpital —	10000	0	0
8.	Hanover Troops —	121447	2	6
13.	Preſent Exigency of Affairs — —	1,000000	0	0
17.	King of Pruſſia	20000	0	0
	£.	6,103,078	17	7

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, June 14.

"Wedneſday arrived the Surprize, with a Convoy of 12 Tranſports from the Downs, who have on board Officers and Recruits for the Regiments in North-America. They will ſail in a Day or two under Convoy of the Stirling-Caſtle, Capt. Corniſh."

Extract of a Letter, dated Plymouth Dock, Friday May 28.

"This Morning the Lieutenant of the Colcheſter came to Admiral Moſtyn from Falmouth, with Advice, that ſhe was ſafe in that Port, and brought in there with great Difficulty; where the Admiral and Commiſſioners immediately order'd ſix Gangs of Shipwrights to go down to Falmouth, to fit her ſo as to bring her hither with Safety, and to have a proper Repair.

"After fighting four Hours the Frenchman fired red-hot Shot on board of her, which ſet her on Fire. This Engagement was off Belleiſle, and made the French fire their Alarm Guns on Shore, and ring their Alarm Bells."

BOSTON, *July* 26.

By the Arrival of a Courier from Albany, we are informed, That the Provincial Army, commanded by General Winslow, decamped from Half-Moon the 15th Inſtant, and had marched to Fort-Hardy by the 18th, the great Number of Waggons, Carts, &c. which carried the Artillery, Proviſions, &c. obliging them to make eaſy Marches: The Army is to encamp for a few Days between the Forts Edward and William Henry, to favour the Conveyance of the Proviſions, &c. to the Lake; when this is effected they will proceed immediately upon Action; 2000 regular Troops are following them, to take Poſſeſſion of the Forts and Paſſes that our People leave: A Communication is to be kept open between them, that the Provincials may receive their Aſſiſtance if neceſſary. Our Army now conſiſts of upwards of 7000 effective Men, excluſive of the Regulars.——A perfect Harmony at preſent prevails, and we doubt not the wiſe and prudent Behaviour of the Britiſh Officers will gain the Affections of the Americans, and greatly promote the Common Cauſe——the preſent Plan of Operations is generally approved ——with our united Strength to act on the Side of Crown-Point. If that Fort, and the Paſs of Ticonderoga is gain'd, a Paſſage is gained to the Heart of Canada——The Conduct of the Enemy laſt Year, ſhows the Senſe they have of the Importance of this Paſs.——Frontenack and Niagara were neglected, ſcarce any Forces were ſent there, while Baron Dieſkau, and the main Body of Regulars, Canadians and Indians, were turned this Way——If we ſucceed, the Communication with the great Lakes may be cut off, Du Queſne, Niagara and Frontenack, falls of Courſe, and thoſe Waters may then be effectually ſecured to us, and the Indian Trade which flows through them—— Our Proſpect is favourable——the Enemy not ſo numerous as expected, many of their Indians carried off by the Small-Pox laſt Year——but two Battalions of Regulars yet arrived——the Intelligence to be gained by the brave Capt. Rogers to be depended upon——An open War will now allow us full Scope——but favourable as the preſent Appearances are, the Scene may ſoon be changed ——and nothing can enſure us Succeſs, but that divine Aid which we have been in a public and ſolemn Manner imploring.

By a Veſſel arrived laſt Week at Marblehead, from the Streights, we have the following Account from Barcelona, of May 11, viz. That the French landed at Minorca, in 80 Tranſports, 25000 Men (convoy'd by 19 Sail of the Line) commanded by the Duke de Richelieu, who, after his landing, ſent a Flag of Truce to General Blakeney, Commander in Chief of that Iſland, in order to demand Fort St. Philip's; but his Reply was, "That he "was now an old Man, and could not, by the "Courſe of Nature, live much longer; and as he "had already faithfully ſerved his Britannic Ma"jeſty, he ſhould not deliver it up; and that if "he ſhould be killed, he did not doubt of their "finding his Second:" That he (Blakeney) had already deſtroyed 2000 of the Enemy: That the Duke had ſent for a Reinforcement of 5000 Men: That Commodore Edgcombe had been at Gibraltar, and clean'd, and had join'd the Admirals Byng and Weſt.——

By the Captain of a Scouting Party of ours we find, that the French have at their Camp at Fort Carolong, (alias Ticonderago) 330 Tents, 70 Log Houſes, Forces at that Place and Crown-Point 3000, and more expected. This was not Capt. Rogers's Party.

Auguſt 2. Tueſday laſt arrived here Capt. Dewar, from Cadiz, which Place he left the 16th of June, and informs, that the Day after he came out, he fell in with 8 Britiſh Men of War of the Line, about 16 Leagues from Gibraltar, bound to the Mediterranean to reinforce the Admirals Byng and Weſt. Theſe Ships were from 90 to 60 Guns, and had on board a great Number of Troops out of old Regiments.

The ſame Day Captain Stainiford arrived at Ipſwich in 43 Days from Liſbon, who confirms the Accounts we have had from other Places, of an Engagement between the Engliſh and French Fleets off Port-Mahon, with theſe further Particulars, viz. That after an obſtinate Fight from Eleven a Clock in the Forenoon till Night, both Fleets

Fleets parted; that the French retired either to Toulon or Marſeilles, and it was thought the Engliſh had got into Mahon Harbour.

By ſeveral Veſſels from the Weſt-Indies we are informed, That a great Number of Privateers were fitting out both at the Engliſh and French Iſlands, but that none of them had put to Sea 18 Days ago.——That beſides abundance of Northern Veſſels with Proviſions at St. Euſtatia, no leſs than Two Thouſand Tons of Beef, &c. from Ireland, were lately brought to Statia in Dutch Veſſels, ſuppoſed for the Uſe of the French.

We have the following melancholy Account from the Weſtward, viz. That 13 of our Carpenters being at Work in the Woods near Lake George, within Half a Mile of one of the Forts, and under a Guard of a Captain and 60 Men, and the Captain diſcovering Indians in the Buſhes hard by, ran away with his Men, and called to the Carpenters to make the beſt of their Way, for that there were Indians: But the Guard being gone, the Indians attacked the poor Carpenters and killed Eight of them, the other five made ſhift to recover the Fort. 'Tis ſaid the Indians were about 30 in Number, and that the Captain is broke for his ill Behaviour.

The following Extract of a Letter from Fort Edward, dated July 26, we received by laſt Saturday's Courier, viz. General Winſlow, with the chief Part of the Army, arrived here the 20th, with the Artillery, &c. in 3 Days from Half-Moon, and the next Day ſet out for the Lake: Colonel Ruggles with his Regiment ſets out for the Lake To-morrow: Laſt Week 3 Men were killed at Fort William-Henry, which was chiefly owing to bad Conduct in the Officer who commanded the Party. Yeſterday three Deſerters came to Fort Miller, with their Guns clubbed, for Protection, and ſaid 16 more were determined to do the ſame; they ſay that Garriſon is in a miſerable Condition; that they have the Small-pox there, and that there is but fourteen Pieces of Cannon at Ticonderoga, chiefly ſmall. The Deſerters have been examined by the General, and are properly taken Care of, for fear of bringing any bad Diſtemper: The Enemy lately killed two of our Men at Fort William-Henry, and wounded a Third; but a Party of our Men ſallied out of the Fort and overtook them, killed and ſcalped one Indian, and it is thought ſeveral, as they found three Guns and 30 Packs, which they brought to the Fort.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 2.

Upon the Arrival of the Expreſs on Saturday Morning laſt from Albany, Directions were given for publiſhing his Majeſty's Declaration of War. And accordingly at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Council, ſuch of the Members of the Aſſembly as were in Town, the Magiſtrates of the City, and all the Civil and Military Officers attended at Fort George, with Capt. Alexander's Company of Grenadiers, where the Proclamation was read, and his Majeſty's and ſeveral other loyal Healths were drank. The Company afterwards proceeding to the City-Hall, preceded by the Company of Grenadiers, it was a ſecond Time publiſhed: After which the Company proceeded to the City-Arms, where his Majeſty's immortal Memory, and numberleſs other loyal Healths were repeated, and every Thing conducted with great Order and Decency.

A Letter from Oſwego, dated the 15th of July, ſays, "We are all well here, and only wait for Guns for the new Veſſels; the Brig is now rigged, will carry 14 Guns very well, and is, I think, a fine Veſſel of her Size: However the Brig, Sloop Ontario, and the new Sloop, are to go upon a Cruize on Sunday next."

Auguſt 9. The Leiceſter Packet Boat left Falmouth the 23d of June, and the Day after Capt. Ratford deſcried a Fleet at ſome Diſtance, and was chaſed by one of them for ſome Hours, but outſailed her: About which Time another Fleet hove in Sight, and by their Signals and Courſe were both judged to be Engliſh Fleets; the one under Admiral Oſborne, bound to America, with the Stirling-Caſtle Man of War, and twelve Tranſports under Convoy; and the other under the Admirals Hawke and Saunders, bound up the Mediterranean.

Since our laſt the French Ship brought in by the Nightingale Man of War has been condemned, and her Cargo is ſelling off every Day.

The Nightingale we hear is preparing for a Cruize.

Tueſday laſt his Excellency Major General Shirley, ſailed from hence, for Rhode-Iſland, with a fair Wind.

Since our laſt the following Privateers fell down to the Watering-Place, viz. The Sloop Hardy, Capt. Grantham, of 12 Carriage, and 12 Swivel Guns, and 100 Men; the Sloop Mary, Capt. Pell, of 12 Carriage, and 12 Swivel Guns, and 100 Men; the Snow Earl of Loudon, Capt. Wayman, of 16 Carriage, and 16 Swivel Guns, and 120 Men; the Sloop Bradſtreet, Capt. Becker, of 8 Carriage, and 8 Swivel Guns, and 50 Men.

The Brig Prince George, Capt. Linus King, of 12 Carriage, and 12 Swivel Guns, will fall down to the Watering-Place on Wedneſday next, as will alſo the Sloop Goldfinch, Capt. Randal, of 12 Carriage, and 12 Swivel Guns, and the Sloop Harlequin, Capt. Fenton, of 10 Carriage, and 10 Swivels, with 50 Men, at the ſame Time. The Brig Polly, Capt. Grigg, of 14 Carriage, and 14 Swivel Guns; and the Schooner Margaret, Capt. Miller, of 12 Carriage, and 12 Swivel Guns, are fitting out with all Expedition.

We are credibly informed, That about 5 Weeks ago, there was at Cape-Francois, one French Ship of War of 74 Guns, two of 64, one of 54, and two Frigates, one of 36 Guns, and the other of 28; that ſeveral Engliſh Veſſels had lately been carried in there, one a large Schooner, with 20 Horſes on Deck, one a ſmall Schooner, and a Brig commanded by Capt. Butterfield, bound from Georgia for Santa Croix; that about 50 Sail then lay at the Cape loading Sugars, &c. for Old France; but that Men were ſo ſcarce that 'twas thought almoſt impracticable to obtain a Sufficiency of Seamen to navigate them to Europe; and that a great many ſingle Ships had arrived there from home lately.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 5.

A Privateer Brigantine of 14 Carriage Guns, and 16 Swivels, is fitting out here with all Expedition, and will be ready to ſail in ten Days or a Fortnight at fartheſt. A Ship for the ſame Purpoſe is put on the Stocks, which is to be forwarded with all poſſible Diſpatch.

We have Advice from Cumberland County, that on the 22d ult. about 60 Indians appeared before Fort Granville, and challenged the Commander of it to come out and fight them; but that he being but weak handed, did not think proper to accept of the Challenge; that they fired at, and wounded one of the Men that belonged to the Fort in the Thigh, who happened to be a little Way from it, but not ſo badly but that he got ſafe in; that they lurked about the Place for ſome Time, expecting to catch ſome of our People, but they being upon their Guard, were diſappointed; and that then they went off, after ſhooting down all the Cattle they could find.

We hear further from the ſame Place, that on Thurſday laſt twelve Indians (Part of thoſe that were at Fort Granville) went to the Plantation of one Baſkins, near Juniata, whom they murdered in a cruel Manner, burnt his Houſe, and carried off his Wife and Children: That one Hugh Carroll and Family were made Priſoners about the ſame Time by ſome Indians, who aſked Carroll a great many Queſtions, particularly with reſpect to the Strength of Harris's, Hunter's, and M'Kee's Forts; and ſaid they would ſoon ſhew him a great Number of French and Indians, who, they told him, were coming down to fall upon this Province; but that he, notwithſtanding they thought they had tied him very ſecurely, made Shift to untie himſelf in the Night, and made his Eſcape.

Auguſt 12. Capt. Rench, who left Plymouth the 20th of June, in Company with a Number of Tranſports, with five Regiments on board, for Gibraltar, under Convoy of three Ships of War, of 60, 40, and 20 Guns, gives us the following agreeable Intelligence, viz. That that Day he heard a Letter read at Plymouth, from an Officer belonging to Admiral Byng's Fleet, to his Father there, adviſing, that they had met with the French Fleet, and engaged them from ſome Time in the Afternoon (he does not ſay what Day) till Night came on, when he took the Opportunity of landing the Men he had on board his Fleet for Minorca, which he did effectually, and then came out again, and engaged Galliſſoniere a ſecond Time; in which Engagement he ſhattered his Ships ſo much, that they were all obliged to run for it, ſome into Carthagena, and others into Toulon, &c. and that he, Byng, was lying off of Toulon, with 21 Sail of Men of War, in order to prevent any Succours being ſent to the French Army at Port-Mahon.

On the 22d of July, in Latitude 35: 3, Long. 31: 59, he ſpoke with the Fleet bound to North-America, conſiſting of 13 Tranſports, under Convoy of a 74 and 40 Gun Ship. The Honourable George Denny, Eſq; appointed Governor of this Province, is on board the 74 Gun Ship.

And on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 36: 30, Long. 64: 10, he ſpoke with the Hynd Man of War, bound to England from Jamaica, on board of which is Admiral Knowles, late Governor of that Iſland, who, Capt. Rench was informed, is made a Lord of the Admiralty.

Capt. Rench ſays further, that there had not one French Privateer appeared on the Coaſt of England: That Admiral Hawke had ſailed for the Mediterranean in a ſingle Ship: That the Royal George, of 112 Guns, ſailed alſo for the Mediterranean at the ſame Time with the Gibraltar Fleet: That the Engliſh were in high Spirits: And that every County in England had offered to build a Veſſel of War for his Majeſty at its own Expence, and that ſeveral of them were actually on the Stocks.

It is alſo ſaid that the French are very ſickly at Minorca; that great Numbers of them die daily; and that General Blakeney has a good Garriſon there, conſiſting of between four and five Thouſand effective Men.

By a Letter from Fort Henry, in Berks County, dated Auguſt the ſeventh, there is Advice, that the Indians are hovering about that Neighbourhood, ſome of them being ſeen almoſt every Day; and that they had burnt the Houſe of Nicholas Riſenhower.

From Barbados we learn, that two Martinico Men, taken by one of our Men of War, have been lately ſent in there; and that the Prize taken by Capt. Falkingham had alſo got ſafe in.

We have Advice from Halifax, that a French Frigate was lately drove aſhore near Louiſburg by ſome of our Men of War.

ANNAPOLIS, *Auguſt* 19.

Sunday laſt his Excellency our Governor returned Home, in good Health, from *Fort-Frederick*.

Monday laſt his Majeſty's Declaration of War againſt the *French* King, was publiſh'd here; the Militia of the Town and County being drawn up, on the Court-Houſe Hill, on that Occaſion: After which, his Majeſty's, and many other loyal Healths were drank.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,
Brig Oſgood, Wells Waring, from Barbados;
Snow Molly, William Smith, from Madeira.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the OSGOOD, *Capt.* WELLS WARING, *and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in* ANNAPOLIS, *for Bills, Caſh, Wheat, or Corn,*

A CHOICE Parcel of *Madeira* WINES; likewiſe, *Barbados* RUM and SUGAR.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

STOLEN out of the Inſpecting-Houſe at *Howard's* Point on *South* River, between the 14th and 17th Inſtant, the following Parcel of Transfer Notes, ſign'd by *Zachariah Jacob*, and *Joſeph Howard*, viz.

N°.	To whom payable.	Quantity.
23.	*Richard Phelps*,	248½
41.	*Eliſha White*,	101
79.	*James Maccubbin*,	215
39.	*Charles Griffith*,	447
57.	*Sarah Greſham*,	391
28.	*John Wilmot*, junior,	296
80.	*Samuel Day*,	438
1.	*John Brunt*,	400
66.	*Anne Sanders*,	224
78.	*John Elliott*,	116
72.	*Richard Beard*,	128
31.	*Elizabeth Burgeſs*,	136
63.	*Edward Lee*,	192
30.	*Richard Nicholſon*,	136
13.	*Gideon Garrey*,	132
11.	*John Pelton*,	109
7.	*Richard Taylor*,	192
58.	*Baſil Phelps*,	136
13.	*Thomas Litton*,	212
53.	*Robert Welſh*, junior,	131
		4380½

Any Perſon to whom they are offered to Sale, or in Payment, are deſired to ſtop them.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Calvert* County, on the 26th of *July* laſt, a Negro Fellow, named *Sambo*, he has a down Look, and is above 5 Feet high. Had on when he went away, a blue figur'd Jacket, and an Oſnabrigs Shirt. Whoever will bring the ſaid Negro to the Subſcriber, ſhall have a PISTOLE Reward, paid by THOMAS MORGAIN.

JUST PUBLISHED,

(With all the other LAWS *passed last Session.)*

AN ACT for granting a Supply of Forty Thousand Pounds for his Majesty's Service, and striking Thirty-four Thousand and Fifteen Pounds Six Shillings thereof, in Bills of Credit, and raising a Fund for sinking the same. This Act ought to be had by every Man of any Property in the Province. Price 3*s.* 6*d.*

WANTED,

For the Ship Hawke, Charles Slater, *Master, for* London, *now lying in the Eastern Branch of* Potowmack, *and will be ready to sail about the Middle of* September,

2 FOUR or Five able SEAMEN. For Terms apply to the Master on board, or to the Subscriber at *Bladensburg*.

CHRISTOPHER LOWNDES.

August 10, 1756.

DESERTED from his Quarters, in the Town of *Baltimore*, the 3d Instant, *Sabrit Sellers*, junior, inlisted and attested a private Soldier in Major-General *Lascelles's* Regiment. It is suspected he is gone towards *Patapsco* Neck, where his Mother and some of his Relations dwell. He is about 24 Years of Age, near 6 Feet high, of a sallow Complexion, black Eyes, dark brown short Hair, a down Look, and hesitates a little in his Speech. He had on when he went away, a coarse Felt Hat, a striped Silk Handkerchief about his Neck, a Check Shirt, long coarse Trowsers, and a Pair of Shoes almost new. Whoever takes up the said Deserter, and brings him to Capt. *Gardner*, at Mr. *Cary's*, Inn-holder, in *Baltimore*, or secures him in any of his Majesty's Goals on the Continent of *North-America*, on Notice given, shall have THREE PISTOLES Reward, and all necessary Charges paid. All Persons are cautioned against harbouring or concealing the said Deserter, as they may expect to be prosecuted on the Act of Parliament with the utmost Severity.

S. GARDNER.

2

THERE is at the Dwelling-Plantation of Mr. *Richard Dorsey*, near *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a Brindle Steer, about 6 Years old, marked with a Crop in each Ear, and a Hole in the right Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X

THERE is at the Plantation of *Edward Willett*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Roan Mare, branded on her Buttocks thus ꝶ ↄ.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X

TO BE SOLD,

For Bills of Exchange, Sterling Money, Gold, Silver, or Current Money,

A TRACT of Land, adjoining to *George-Town*, in *Frederick* County, containing 230 Acres or thereabouts, convenient for Trade, with a good Dwelling-House, fifty Feet long and thirty Feet wide, four Rooms on a Floor, with a good Kitchen and Office, with Brick Chimneys. Also one Acre of Ground in *George-Town*, with two large Inspection-Houses; whither, in a good Crop-Year, come upwards of a Thousand Hogsheads of Tobacco. A large Stone-House, adjoining the Inspection-Houses, with a Kitchen and Garden, convenient for a Public-House. Store-Houses, besides, and other improv'd Lots.

3

One Tract of Land, lying on *Goose-Creek*, in *Prince-George's* County, two Miles from *George-Town*, containing 286 Acres, 80 of which fit for Meadow-Ground; whereon there are two Apple-Orchards and other Improvements: This lies convenient too to the Eastern Branch of *Potowmack*.

Any Persons inclinable to buy either of the above Tracts of Land, Houses, or improv'd Lots, may apply to the Subscriber, living at the *Wood-Yard*, in *Prince-George's* County, *Maryland*; Where they may be supplied, likewise, with choice NEGROES of either Sex, and of any Age.

GEORGE GORDON.

N. B. Any one that buys the Tract of Land and Dwelling-House adjoining to *George-Town*, shall have Time given him for Payment of Part.

STOLEN or Strayed on the 5th of *June* last, from the Subscriber, living at the *Kittockton-Mountain*, in *Frederick* County, a middle siz'd bright bay Horse, branded on his left Thigh I D, but not plain, and paces and gallops well. Whoever will bring the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have a PISTOLE Reward, and reasonable Charges; or if secured, so that he may be had again, a PISTOLE Reward, paid by

ELIAS DELASHMUTT.

X 2

DESERTED from the *Maryland* Forces, at *Fort-Frederick*, *William Withers*, alias *Delaney*, and *John Hawkins*.

Withers, an *Irishman*, aged about 34 Years, a strait Fellow, about 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has dark brown Hair, full grey Eyes, much marked on the Face by the Small-Pox, and speaks plain *English*: Had on when he went away, an old blue Coat, an old Felt Hat, a coarse white Linen Shirt, and strong Shoes not much worn: He carried off with him a Gun that appeared on the out Side of the Barrel like a Rifle, but was smooth bored.

John Hawkins, an *Englishman*, aged about 29 Years, a well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has black Hair, and a fresh Complexion: He lived some Time as a Servant with the Widow *Swaford*, betwixt the North and South Mountain, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*. He had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, a white coarse Cloth Coat, dirty Leather Breeches, coarse white Worsted Stockings, and strong Shoes not much worn: He carried off with him a Carbine and Rifle.

Whoever apprehends either of the said Deserters will be entitled to Twenty Shillings Reward; and any Person who may conceal or entertain them, or purchase their Arms, will be punished as the Law directs.

3 JOHN DAGWORTHY.

If Wanted, may be had, by applying to the Printer hereof, at a reasonable Price, 3

A YOUNG active Fellow, inclined for the Sea, who has lately made some Attempts for that Service.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities. 4

JUST IMPORTED, 8

In the BETSEY, *Capt.* JOHN WHITE, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in* ANNAPOLIS *and* LONDON-TOWN, *at reasonable Rates, for ready Money, or short Credit,*

SCARLET, blue, black, and Cloth colour'd Broad-Cloths, *German* Serges, Druggets, *Yorkshire* Cloths, Half-Thicks, Bearskins, Fearnoughts, emboss'd and white Flannels and Serges, *Welsh* Cottons, Horsemens Coats, Pea Jackets, and other Slop Wares; short Cloaks, Camblets, Shalloons of all Colours, Callimancoes, Serge *de Nisme*, Duroys and Sagathies; Tammies, check'd Barley Corns, and other Stuffs, *Norwich* and Hat-band Crapes, Allopeens, Bombazeen, *India* Damasks, Taffaties, plain and strip'd *Persians*; Variety of *India* Chintz and printed Callicoes, Muslins, white Callicoes, white *India* Dimothies, Table-Cloths, and Napkining, *Irish* Linens, and Sheeting of all Kinds, *Scots* Hollands, *Russia* Diaper and Twillings, Check Linens and Chilloes, strip'd Cottons, fine Jeans and dyed Fustians, Petticoat Dimothies, Bed-Ticks, strip'd Duffels, Blankets and Rugs of all Sorts, Pipes, Corks, Sifters, Variety of China, Glass, Earthen, and Stone Ware, Brimstone, Rosin, and Allom, exceeding good Green and Bohea Tea, Loaf Sugar, *Florence* Oil, Nails, Axes, and other Iron Ware, Tin, Pewter, and Brafiery Ware, Hats, Shoes, and Stockings, Pepper, and other Spices, Salt Petre, Fig-Blue, Starch, and Indico, light Carbines, fitted with Bayonets, Slings and Cartouch-Boxes, *&c.* Gunpowder, Lead, and all Sorts of Shot, Gun-Flints, *Weston's* Snuff, Ship-Chandlery, Cables, and all other Sorts of Running and Standing Rigging, Anchors, Sail-Twine, deep Sea and other Lines, *Barbados* Rum, and *Muscovado* Sugar, with great Variety of Goods, not particularly mentioned.

JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the PEGGY, *Capt.* BENJAMIN BELL, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *wholesale or retail, on very reasonable Terms,*

A FRESH Assortment of MEDICINES AND PAINTS of all Kinds.

WILLIAM LYON.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship CONCORD, *Capt.* CARROLL, *and to be Sold at my Store in* BALTIMORE-TOWN,

A VARIETY of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail.

I last Fall advertised my Intentions to depart this Province, and the Uncertainty of my ever returning; and I must once more intreat all Persons indebted to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

I purchase and give ready Money for any Quantity of Bees-Wax, Beaver, Fox, Racoon, Otter, Mink, and Musk-Rat Skins, provided they are kill'd in Season.

JOHN STEVENSON.

N. B. Any Quantity of Flax-Seed purchased, as usual, provided it be well cleaned, and not thresh'd out on an Earthen Floor, or damaged.

WANTED,

A MILLER, who understands Grinding and Bolting. Such a one, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BETSEY, *Capt.* JOHN WHITE, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Dock in* Annapolis, *at reasonable Rates, wholesale or retail, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, suitable to the SEASON.

JOHN RAITT.

TO BE SOLD,

For Sterling Money, good Bills of Exchange, Gold, Silver, or Paper Currency,

THE following Tracts and Parcels of Land, *viz.*

Rover's Content,	466	
Part of *The Inclosure*,	89	
Part of *Goodluck*,	445	
Fife, - - -	78	Acres.
Beall's Chance,	290	
Father's Gift,	183	
Bread and Cheese Hall,	91	

These are all adjoining, and make a Body of choice well timbered Land, whereon are Three Plantations, with good Orchards, lying in *Prince George's* County, within five Miles of *Bladensburg*, ten of *Upper-Marlborough*, and six of the *Eastern Branch* Ferry.

Cooper,	113	
Part of *Layhill*,	649	Acres.
Beall's Reserve,	380	
Drumeldry,	225	

The Four last mentioned lie in *Beall's Neck*, in *Frederick* County, not above twelve Miles from *Bladensburg*, being a choice Parcel of fine Wood-Land.

Also 459 Acres of Land, being Part of a Tract called *Allison's Park*, lying likewise in *Frederick* County, on or near a Branch, called and known, by the Name of *Captain John's Branch*.

Any Person inclinable to purchase Part of the first mentioned seven Tracts, lying in *Prince George's* County, may have the Quantity desired, provided it be taken so as not to incommode the remaining Part, to render it unserviceable, or prejudice the Sale thereof; and likewise, any Part of the several Tracts, in *Frederick* County, in like Manner.

The Title and Terms may be known, by applying to the Subscriber, or to *Josias Beall*, junior, living on *Achakick*, near *Piscataway*, in *Prince-George's* County.

JOHN BEALL, junior.

N. B. Time will be given for the Payment of Part, on good Security, if required.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.